

Outline: Slavery and American Freedom
Humanities 324
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- I. Radical Abolition and call for Universal Rights
 - a. David Walker
 - b. Henry Highland Garnet

- II. Slavery and resistance in everyday life
 - a. Demographics
 - b. food
 - c. work
 - d. religion
 - e. family
 - f. sale
 - g. running away

- III. American Freedom
 - a. Slavery amendments
 - b. Ku Klux Klan
 - c. Black political rights
 - d. Wilmington

- IV. Big Questions

Statistics Pertaining to the Lecture

1830: 2% of free African Americans owned slaves

1830: 36% of white southerners owned slaves

1860: less than 25% owned slaves

1860: almost half of the south's slave owners own fewer than 5 slaves

180: 12% owned more than 20 slaves

1860: 1% owned more than 50 slaves

Work:

55% of enslaved Africans in south cultivated cotton

10% of enslaved Africans in south grew tobacco

10% of enslaved Africans produced sugar, rice, or hemp

15% of enslaved Africans worked as domestic servants

10% of enslaved Africans worked in trades and industries